



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

DOW FRANCE S.A.S.

Safety Data Sheet according to Reg. (EU) 2020/878

**Product name:** SILASTIC™ RTV-3081 Mould-Making Curing Agent

**Revision Date:** 19.04.2021

**Version:** 3.0

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DOW FRANCE S.A.S. encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name:** SILASTIC™ RTV-3081 Mould-Making Curing Agent

**UFI:** X52F-R0S5-G00R-17CA

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses:** Curing agent.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DOW FRANCE S.A.S.

23 AVENUE JULES RIMET

93210 LA PLAINE SAINT-DENIS

FRANCE

**Customer Information Number:**

(31) 115 67 2626

SDSQuestion@dow.com

### 1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 00 33 388 736 000

**Local Emergency Contact:** 00 33 388 736 000

**ORFILA:** + 33 (0)1 45 42 59 59

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Flammable liquids - Category 3 - H226

Acute toxicity - Category 4 - Inhalation - H332

Eye irritation - Category 2 - H319

Skin sensitisation - Category 1 - H317

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3 - H335

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazard pictograms



Signal word: **WARNING**

### Hazard statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

### Precautionary statements

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours and/or spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P304 + P340 + P312	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

**Contains** tetraethyl silicate; Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

## 2.3 Other hazards

This product contains no substances assessed to be PBT or vPvB at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Environment: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Human Health: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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**Chemical nature:** Curing agent**3.2 Mixtures**

This product is a mixture.

CASRN / EC-No. / Index-No.	REACH Registration Number	Concentration	Component	Classification: REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
CASRN 78-10-4 EC-No. 201-083-8 Index-No. 014-005-00-0	01-2119496195-28	>= 34,0 - <= 42,0 %	tetraethyl silicate	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system)  Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: > 2 500 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity: 10 mg/l, 4 Hour, dust/mist > 16,8 mg/l, 4 Hour, dust/mist Acute dermal toxicity: 5 878 mg/kg
CASRN 68928-76-7 EC-No. 273-028-6 Index-No. —	01-2120770324-57	>= 3,1 - <= 4,1 %	Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Skin Sens. 1A; H317 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412  Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: 892 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity: > 2 000 mg/kg

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

**SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES****4.1 Description of first aid measures****General advice:**

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing; consult a physician.

**Skin contact:** Remove material from skin immediately by washing with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes while washing. Seek medical attention if irritation or rash occurs. Wash clothing before reuse. Discard items which cannot be decontaminated, including leather

articles such as shoes, belts and watchbands. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

**Eye contact:** Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

#### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:**

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

#### **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Notes to physician:** May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and corticosteroids may be of help. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Repeated excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting lung disease. Skin contact may aggravate preexisting dermatitis.

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## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

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### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Alcohol-resistant foam. Dry sand. Dry chemical.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** High volume water jet. Do not use direct water stream..

### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

**Hazardous combustion products:** Carbon oxides. Silicon oxides. Metal oxides. Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Flash back possible over considerable distance.. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.. Flammable concentrations of vapor can accumulate at temperatures above flash point; see Section 9.. Flammable mixtures may exist within the vapor space of containers at room temperature.. Closed containers may rupture via pressure build-up when exposed to fire or extreme heat.. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air..

### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Use water spray to cool unopened containers.. Evacuate area.. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage.. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed.. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire..

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.. Use personal protective equipment..

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## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or released vapor to avoid fire or explosion. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Vapor explosion hazard. Keep out of sewers. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**6.2 Environmental precautions:** Do not release the product to the aquatic environment above defined regulatory levels. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbant. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.

**6.4 Reference to other sections:**

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

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## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

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**7.1 Precautions for safe handling:** Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Non-sparking tools should be used. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. CONTAINERS MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTY. Since emptied containers retain product residue follow all (M)SDS and label warnings even after container is emptied.

Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust ventilation. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Organic peroxides. Flammable solids. Pyrophoric liquids. Pyrophoric solids. Self-heating substances and mixtures. Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases. Explosives. Gases. Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

**7.3 Specific end use(s):** See the technical data sheet on this product for further information.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
tetraethyl silicate	ACGIH	TWA	10 ppm
	FR VLE	VME	44 mg/m3 5 ppm
	Further information: Indicative exposure limits: Indicative exposure limits		
	2017/164/EU	TWA	44 mg/m3 5 ppm
Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane	Further information: Indicative		
	ACGIH	TWA	0,1 mg/m3 , Tin
	Further information: A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen; Skin: Danger of cutaneous absorption		
	ACGIH	STEL	0,2 mg/m3 , Tin
	Further information: A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen; Skin: Danger of cutaneous absorption		
	FR VLE	VME	0,1 mg/m3 , Tin
	Further information: Indicative exposure limits: Indicative exposure limits		
	FR VLE	VLCT (VLE)	0,2 mg/m3 , Tin
	Further information: Indicative exposure limits: Indicative exposure limits		
	ACGIH	TWA	1 000 ppm
Ethanol	Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation		
	ACGIH	STEL	1 000 ppm
	Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation		
	FR VLE	VME	1 900 mg/m3 1 000 ppm
	Further information: Indicative exposure limits: Indicative exposure limits		
	FR VLE	VLCT (VLE)	9 500 mg/m3 5 000 ppm
	Further information: Indicative exposure limits: Indicative exposure limits		
	Further information: Indicative exposure limits: Indicative exposure limits		

The following substance(s), which have Occupational Exposure Limit(s) (OEL), may be formed during handling or processing: Ethanol

### Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with the Occupational Exposure Limits and the adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples should be analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy); European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents); European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents).

Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods.

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods.

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), United Kingdom: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances.

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany.

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité, (INRS), France.

### Derived No Effect Level

tetraethyl silicate

#### Workers

<i>Acute systemic effects</i>		<i>Acute local effects</i>		<i>Long-term systemic effects</i>		<i>Long-term local effects</i>	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
12,1 mg/kg bw/day	85 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	n.a.	85 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	12,1 mg/kg bw/day	85 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	n.a.	85 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### Consumers

<i>Acute systemic effects</i>			<i>Acute local effects</i>		<i>Long-term systemic effects</i>			<i>Long-term local effects</i>	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
8,4 mg/kg bw/day	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	n.a.	n.a.	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	8,4 mg/kg bw/day	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	n.a.	n.a.	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### Predicted No Effect Concentration

tetraethyl silicate

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	0,192 mg/l
Marine water	0,0192 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	0,18 mg/kg
Marine sediment	0,018 mg/kg
Soil	0,05 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant	4000 mg/l

## 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

### Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Use safety glasses (with side shields). Safety glasses (with side shields) should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent. If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator (meeting standard EN 136) with organic vapor cartridge (meeting standard EN 14387).

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection:** Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Viton. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Natural rubber ("latex"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 4 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 120 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 1 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 10 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. Glove thickness alone is not a good indicator of the level of protection a glove provides against a chemical substance as this level of protection is also highly dependent on the specific composition of the material that the glove is fabricated from. The thickness of the glove must, depending on model and type of material, generally be more than 0.35 mm to offer sufficient protection for prolonged and frequent contact with the substance. As an exception to this general rule it is known that multilayer laminate gloves may offer prolonged protection at thicknesses less than 0.35 mm. Other glove materials with a thickness of less than 0.35 mm may offer sufficient protection when only brief contact is expected. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne concentration of the material. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use the following CE approved air-purifying respirator: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter, type AP2 (meeting standard EN 14387).

### Environmental exposure controls

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

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## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Color	Clear to slightly hazy, colourless
Odor	slight
Odor Threshold	No data available
pH	Not applicable, substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Melting point/freezing point	



Melting point/range	No data available
Freezing point	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	> 65 °C
Flash point	Pensky-Martens closed cup 60 °C
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable, liquidNot applicable, liquid
Flammability (liquids)	Not applicable
Lower explosion limit	No data available
Upper explosion limit	No data available
Vapor Pressure	No data available
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	No data available
Relative Density (water = 1)	0,954
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not determined
Auto-ignition temperature	> 100 °C
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Kinematic Viscosity	No data available
Particle characteristics	
Particle size	Not applicable
9.2 Other information	
Molecular weight	No data available
Dynamic Viscosity	27 mPa.s
Explosive properties	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Self-heating substances	The substance or mixture is not classified as self heating.
Metal corrosion rate	Not corrosive to metals
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	No data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

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## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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**10.1 Reactivity:** Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

**10.2 Chemical stability:** Stable under normal conditions.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Can react with strong oxidizing agents. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Flammable liquid and vapour.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid:** Avoid static discharge. Heat, flames and sparks.

**10.5 Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with oxidizing materials.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:**

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Formaldehyde. Ethanol.

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## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

**Information on likely routes of exposure**

Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact, Ingestion.

**Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects - no chronic/delayed effects known unless otherwise noted)**

**Acute oral toxicity**

Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury. Swallowing may result in gastrointestinal irritation. May cause nausea and vomiting.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):

LD50, > 2 000 mg/kg Estimated.

**Information for components:**

**tetraethyl silicate**

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 2 500 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 425 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

**Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane**

LD50, Rat, male and female, 892 mg/kg OECD 401 or equivalent

**Acute dermal toxicity**

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):

LD50, > 2 000 mg/kg Estimated.

**Information for components:**

**tetraethyl silicate**

LD50, Rabbit, 5 878 mg/kg

**Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane**

LD50, Rat, &gt; 2 000 mg/kg

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

Prolonged excessive exposure may cause adverse effects. Vapor may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs. Excessive exposure may cause: Headache. Dizziness. Drowsiness.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

**Information for components:****tetraethyl silicate**

Prolonged excessive exposure may cause adverse effects. Vapor may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs.

LC50, Rat, male, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 10 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403

LC50, Rat, female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 16,8 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403

**Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane**

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Based on information for component(s):

Brief contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

**Information for components:****tetraethyl silicate**

Brief contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness.

May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

**Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane**

Brief contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Based on information for component(s):

May cause slight eye irritation.

May cause slight temporary corneal injury.

Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

**Information for components:****tetraethyl silicate**

Based on product testing:

Essentially nonirritating to eyes.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

In humans, symptoms may include:

Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

**Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane**

May cause slight eye irritation.  
May cause slight temporary corneal injury.

#### **Sensitization**

For skin sensitization:

Contains component(s) which have caused allergic skin sensitization in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

#### **Information for components:**

##### **tetraethyl silicate**

For skin sensitization:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

##### **Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane**

Has caused allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

#### **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Contains component(s) which are classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3.

#### **Information for components:**

##### **tetraethyl silicate**

May cause respiratory irritation.

Route of Exposure: Inhalation

Target Organs: Respiratory Tract

##### **Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane**

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

#### **Information for components:**

##### **tetraethyl silicate**

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

##### **Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects - no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)**

### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Contains component(s) which have been reported to cause effects on the following organs in animals:

Blood

Kidney.

Liver

Immune system.

### Information for components:

#### tetraethyl silicate

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Kidney.

#### Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Blood

Kidney

Liver

Immune system.

### Carcinogenicity

No relevant data found.

### Information for components:

#### tetraethyl silicate

No relevant data found.

#### Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

No relevant data found.

### Teratogenicity

Based on information for component(s): Did not cause birth defects or other effects in the fetus even at doses which caused toxic effects in the mother.

### Information for components:

#### tetraethyl silicate

Did not cause birth defects or other effects in the fetus even at doses which caused toxic effects in the mother.

#### Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

No relevant data found.

### Reproductive toxicity

Contains component(s) which did not interfere with reproduction in animal studies. Contains component(s) which did not interfere with fertility in animal studies.

### Information for components:

#### tetraethyl silicate

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

**Bis(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane**

No relevant data found.

**Mutagenicity**

Contains component(s) which were negative in some in vitro genetic toxicity studies and positive in others. Genetic toxicity studies in animals were negative for component(s) tested.

**Information for components:****tetraethyl silicate**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative.

**Bis(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane**

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases.  
Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**11.2 Information on other hazards****Endocrine disrupting properties**

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

**Information for components:****tetraethyl silicate**

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

**Bis(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane**

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

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**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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*Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

**12.1 Toxicity****tetraethyl silicate****Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).  
LC50, zebra fish (Brachydanio rerio), 96 Hour, > 245 mg/l, Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1.

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 75 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50, activated sludge, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 209

**Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane****Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is harmful to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

For similar material(s):

LC50, Zebra fish (Danio/Brachydanio rerio), semi-static test, 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

EC50, Daphnia magna, static test, 48 Hour, 39 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

ErC50, Algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), Growth rate, 72 Hour, Growth rate, 7,6 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

For similar material(s):

NOEC, Algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), Growth rate, 72 Hour, Growth rate, 1,1 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

**Toxicity to bacteria**

For similar material(s):

EC50, Bacteria, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., 14 mg/l

**12.2 Persistence and degradability****tetraethyl silicate**

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Pass

**Biodegradation:** 98 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301A or Equivalent

**Stability in Water (1/2-life)**

Hydrolysis, DT50, 4,4 Hour, pH 7, Half-life Temperature 25 °C, OECD Test Guideline 111

**Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane**

**Biodegradability:** For similar material(s): Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

For similar material(s): 10-day Window: Fail

**Biodegradation:** 3 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

#### tetraethyl silicate

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 3,18 EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient)

#### Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

**Bioaccumulation:** No relevant data found.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### tetraethyl silicate

No relevant data found.

#### Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

No relevant data found.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### tetraethyl silicate

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

#### Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### tetraethyl silicate

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

#### Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

#### tetraethyl silicate

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

#### Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.



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## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. This product, when being disposed of in its unused and uncontaminated state should be treated as a hazardous waste according to EC Directive 2008/98/EC. Any disposal practices must be in compliance with all national and provincial laws and any municipal or local by-laws governing hazardous waste. For used, contaminated and residual materials additional evaluations may be required.

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

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## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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### Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):

- |                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number       | UN 1292   |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name      | TETRAETHYL SILICATE SOLUTION                                      |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)   | 3   |
| 14.4 Packing group                | III   |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards        | Not considered environmentally hazardous based on available data. |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | Hazard Identification Number: 30                                  |

### Classification for INLAND waterways (ADNR/ADN):

Consult your Dow contact before transporting by inland waterway

### Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number                                  | UN 1292   |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name                                 | TETRAETHYL SILICATE SOLUTION                                |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)                              | 3   |
| 14.4 Packing group   | III   |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards                                   | Not considered as marine pollutant based on available data. |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user                            | EmS: F-E, S-D   |
| 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments | Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk      |

### Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

- |                                 |                              |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number     | UN 1292                      |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name    | Tetraethyl silicate solution |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3                            |
| 14.4 Packing group              | III                          |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards      | Not applicable               |

**14.6 Special precautions for user** No data available.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

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**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

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**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006**

This product contains only components that have been either registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH). The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct.

**REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII)**

Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered:  
Number on list 3  
Bis[(2-ethyl-2,5-dimethylhexanoyl)oxy](dimethyl)stannane  
(Number on list 20)

**Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.**

Listed in Regulation: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Number in Regulation: P5c

5 000 t

50 000 t

**Installations classified for the protection of the environment (Environment Code R511-9)**

4331: Flammable liquids category 2 or 3 excluding rubric 4330

**Occupational Illnesses (R-461-3, France):**

(Not applicable)

**Further information**

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment**

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture.

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**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

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**Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.**

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

Flam. Liq. - 3 - H226 - Based on product data or assessment

Acute Tox. - 4 - H332 - Calculation method

Eye Irrit. - 2 - H319 - Calculation method

Skin Sens. - 1 - H317 - Calculation method

STOT SE - 3 - H335 - Calculation method

**Revision**

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Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

**Legend**

2017/164/EU	Europe. Commission Directive 2017/164/EU establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
FR VLE	France. Occupational Exposure Limits (INRS)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	8-hour, time-weighted average
VLCT (VLE)	Short Term Exposure Limit
VME	Time Weighted Average
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquids
Skin Irrit.	Skin irritation
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**Full text of other abbreviations**

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DOW FRANCE S.A.S. urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

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